# PELVIC MUSCLES STRENGHTENING BY HIFEM® PROCEDURE AND ELECTROSTIMULATION FOR TREATMENT OF PELVIC FLOOR DYSFUNCTION

## ELECTROMYOGRAPHIC EVALUATION OF THE PELVIC MUSCLES ACTIVITY AFTER HIGH INTENSITY FOCUSED ELECTROMAGNETIC PROCEDURE AND ELECTRICAL STIMULATION IN WOMEN WITH PELVIC FLOOR DYSFUNCTION

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Published in Sexual Medicine journal: February, 2020

### HIGHLIGHTS

- HIFEM procedure considerably enhanced pelvic floor muscles (PFM) activation in subjects with pelvic floor dysfunction (PFD).
- Subjects were able to produce stronger contractions of greater endurance after HIFEM.
- **HIFEM procedure** resulted in far greater **improvement** in PFIQ-7 questionnaire when compared to electrostimulation.
- **36% of HIFEM patients** reported a score of 0 on PFIQ-7 after the treatments.

#### **DESIGN AND METHODOLOGY**

- **Two groups** of post partum women with various PFD symptoms were established and treated by HIFEM (N=50, 1.76 deliveries on average) or electrostimulation (N=25; 1.56 deliveries on average).
- Both treated groups completed **10 therapies** according their allocation.
- Electromyographic (EMG) evaluation was used to determine activation of PFM.
- A control group (N=20, 1.25 deliveries on average) was included to determine EMG normative values.
- Pelvic Floor Impact Questionnaire 7 (PFIQ-7) was used to asses life impact of PFD.
- Data was collected at the baseline and after completion of treatments.

#### RESULTS

- **HIFEM significantly** (P<0.001) modified **PFM activity**, since the EMG results of HIFEM group moved towards the values of healthy population.
- The mean change of **EMG values** after HIFEM ranged **from 48% to 59%**, while electrostimulation resulted in mild-to-moderate improvement of 7-36%.
- In comparison to electrostimulation, HIFEM patients were able to generate PFM contractions of **higher intensity and endurance**.
- PFIQ-7 questionnaire showed significantly (P=0.01) more pronounced results in HIFEM group (improved by 57.16%), than in electrostimulation group (improved by 32.18%)
- Additionally, 35.56% of subjects reported zero PFIQ score after HIFEM and almost 90% of subjects from HIFEM group showed none or mild life impact of PFD post treatment.
- HIFEM procedure was substantially more effective in restoration of PFM strength and treatment of PFD in postpartum women when compared to the electrostimulation.



The frequency of PFIQ-7 scores documented in the HIFEM (G1) and electrostimulation (G2) groups. There is a substantial shift towards lower scores in HIFEM group after the treatment; since the scores over 50 were entirely eliminated from responses.